

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) complies with the requirements of the U.S. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200, as updated in 2012) and equivalent state Standards. It has also been developed in accordance with the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Chemicals (GHS) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Refer to Section 16 of this document for the definition of terms and abbreviations.

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

### 1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT NAME:** COSMICHROME – Yellow Dye

### 1.2 PRODUCT USE AND RESTRICTIONS

**IDENTIFIED USE:** Cosmichrome System; Colorant in plating process.

**IDENTIFIED USERS:** For sale to, use and storage by personnel trained in handling product safely.

### 1.3 MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

**MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:** COSMICHROME

**ADDRESS:** 9625 F Ignace; Brossard, Quebec; Canada

**BUSINESS PHONE:** 450-444-4426 (Monday – Friday, 9:00 am – 5:00 pm)

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC; 24 hours)

+1-703-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC, International and Maritime)

### 1.4 OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is sold and used in relatively small volumes. This SDS has been developed to address safety concerns affecting specific handling situations associated with product use and those involving warehouses and other workplaces where large numbers of product containers are stored or distributed.

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

Flammable Liquids (Category 2); Skin Corrosion/Irritation (Category 2); Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation (Category 2A); Carcinogenicity (Category 2); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3; Central nervous system, Respiratory System)

### 2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

**Hazard Pictograms:**



**Signal Word:**

DANGER.

**Hazard Statements:**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary Statements**

○ **Prevention:**

Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors, mists, or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

○ **Response:**

IF ON SKIN OR HAIR: Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

- **Response (Continued):** Call a POISON CENTER/Doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.  
IN CASE OF FIRE: Use Class B Fire Extinguisher.
- **Storage:** Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
- **Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulations.

### 2.3 OTHER PERTINENT DATA ON HEALTH, PHYSICAL, AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

**Product Aquatic Toxicity:** Aquatic toxicity, acute (Category 3); Harmful to aquatic life. Avoid release into the environment.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES IN PRODUCT

| NAME  | CAS NUMBER | GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION FOR COMPONENT   | % (w/w) |
|---|------------|---|---------|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone  | 108-10-1   | Flammable liquids (Category 2); Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Category 4); Eye irritation (Category 2A); Carcinogenicity (Category 2); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3, Respiratory system) | 10-30   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone   | 78-93-3    | Flammable liquids (Category 2), Eye irritation (Category 2A); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3, Central nervous system)   | 10-30   |
| Butyl Acetate   | 123-86-4   | Flammable liquids (Category 3); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3, Central nervous system); Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3)  | 30-60   |
| Ethyleneglycol Monobutyl Ether  | 111-76-2   | Flammable liquids (Category 4); Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4); Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4); Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 4); Skin irritation (Category 2); Eye irritation (Category 2A)             | 1-5     |
| Other components that do not present physical or health hazards at the concentrations present in the product. |            |   | Balance |

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

#### BASIC FIRST AID BY EXPOSURE ROUTE:

##### AREA EXPOSED

##### TREATMENT

##### **Eye Contact:**

Flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. "Roll" eyes during flush. Check for and remove contact lenses. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

##### **Skin Contact:**

Flush area with warm, running water for several minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

##### **Inhalation:**

Obtain fresh air. See medical attention if symptoms persist.

##### **Ingestion:**

If conscious only: Rinse mouth with water. Drink several cups of water. Do not induce vomiting. Contact a Poison Control Center or physician for instructions.

##### **Additional Steps:**

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

### 4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

#### ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:

##### AREA EXPOSED

##### EFFECTS

##### **Eye Contact:**

May cause mild to serious eye irritation, depending on duration of contact.

##### **Skin Contact:**

May cause mild to moderate skin irritation, depending on duration of contact.

##### **Inhalation:**

May cause mild respiratory tract irritation; symptoms may include coughing and sneezing depending on volume of mist/spray inhaled. Inhalation of vapors can cause central nervous system effects (i.e., drowsiness, dizziness).

##### **Ingestion:**

May cause gastrointestinal system irritation; symptoms may include pain, diarrhea, nausea and vomiting if large volumes are ingested. Ingestion of the product may also cause central nervous system effects.

**CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:** This product contains a compound that may cause cancer based on animal studies.

**TARGET ORGANS:** Skin, eyes, respiratory system and central nervous system.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.3 INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

**GENERAL INFORMATION: For all exposures:** In case of accident, or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. Take this document and a copy of the label to the healthcare professional.

**RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS:** Treat symptomatically.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:** Medical conditions impacting the target organs can be aggravated upon overexposure.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

**RECOMMENDED FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Dry Powder, Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Halon, or any other suitable for flammable liquids.

**UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water-based sprays.

#### 5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:**



**NFPA Rating:**

**NFPA Hazard Classification:** Class I-B Flammable Liquid.

**UNUSUAL HAZARDS IN FIRE SITUATIONS:**

##### POTENTIAL HAZARD

**Decomposition:**

**Incompatibilities:**

**Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:**

**Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge:**

##### DESCRIPTION FOR PRODUCT

Generates extremely irritating vapors, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

See Section 10 (Reactivity and Stability).

Not applicable.

Static electrical sparks can ignite vapors.

#### 5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment for fire response should be worn in any situation. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. Otherwise, use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

**RESPONSE TO INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** Personnel who have received basic chemical safety training can generally handle small-scale releases. Gloves and safety glasses must be worn when cleaning-up spills. Use caution during clean-up; contaminated floors and items may be slippery.

**RESPONSE TO NON-INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** Generally, releases of this product will be no larger than the loss of one shipment of material. Subsequently, personnel can follow the instructions for incidental releases. As needed, respond to non-incident chemical releases of this product (such as the simultaneous destruction of several pallets of this product) by clearing the impacted area and contacting appropriate emergency personnel.

In the unlikely event of a multi-container release of the product, and there is no other hazardous condition in the area, the use of an air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge, face-shield, safety glasses, and double gloves (e.g. nitrile over latex gloves), and body protection is recommended if splashes/sprays/mists can be generated during clean-up or the concentration of vapors is high.

Use Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus if concentration of oxygen is less than 19.5% or is unknown.

**RESPONSE PROCEDURES FOR ANY RELEASE:** Absorb spilled liquid with polypads or other suitable absorbent materials. If appropriate, wash all contaminated areas and items with a detergent/water solution. Rinse contaminated items and area thoroughly.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (Continued)

### 6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

**IN CASE OF SPILL:** Collect spillage promptly. Avoid response actions that can cause a release of a significant amount of the substance into the environment. Avoid accidental dispersal of spilled material into soil, waterways and sewers.

### 6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN-UP

**SPILL RESPONSE EQUIPMENT:** Polypad or other absorbent material.

### 6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for personal protective equipment recommendations.  
See Section 13 (Disposal Recommendations) for information on waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

**HYGIENE PRACTICES:** Keep out of reach of children. Follow good chemical hygiene practices. Do not smoke, drink, eat, or apply cosmetics in the chemical use area. Avoid inhalation of vapors, mists, sprays. Use in well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Remove contaminated clothing promptly. Clean up spilled product immediately.

**HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS:** Employees must be appropriately trained to use this product safely as needed. Keep containers closed when not in use. Open containers slowly on a stable surface. Use non-sparking tools. Bond and ground containers during transfers of material. If this product is transferred into another container, only use portable containers and dispensing equipment (faucet, pump, drip can) approved for flammable liquids. Never perform any welding, cutting, soldering, drilling, or other hot work on an empty container or piping until all liquid, vapors, and residue have been cleared.

### 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE

**STORAGE PRACTICES:** Post warning and "NO SMOKING" signs in storage and use areas, as appropriate. Have appropriate extinguishing equipment in the storage area (e.g., sprinkler system, portable fire extinguishers). Ensure all containers are correctly labeled. Store containers away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible.

Store this product away from incompatible chemicals (See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Empty containers may contain residual material; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care. Material should be stored in secondary containers, or in a diked area, as appropriate. Storage and use areas should be covered with impervious materials. Inspect all incoming containers before storage, to ensure containers are properly labeled and not damaged.

**INCOMPATIBILITIES:** See Section 10 (Stability and Reactivity).

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

**AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMITS:** The following substances, listed in Section 3, have specific exposure limits -

| COMPONENT                       | ACGIH TLV                        | OSHA PEL            | NIOSH REL                        | OTHER |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone             | TWA = 200 ppm;<br>STEL = 300 ppm | TWA = 200 ppm;      | TWA = 200 ppm;<br>STEL = 300 ppm | NE    |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone          | TWA = 20 ppm;<br>STEL = 75 ppm   | TWA = 100 ppm       | TWA = 50 ppm;<br>STEL = 75 ppm   | NE    |
| Butyl Acetate                   | TWA = 150 ppm;<br>STEL = 200 ppm | TWA = 150 ppm       | TWA = 150 ppm;<br>STEL = 200 ppm | NE    |
| Ethylene glycol Monobutyl Ether | TWA = 20 ppm (Skin)              | TWA = 50 ppm (Skin) | TWA = 5 ppm (Skin)               | NE    |

**BIOLOGICAL OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:** The following BEIs have been established for components of this product.

- **METHYL ETHYL KETONE:** Methyl Ethyl Ketone in urine (end of shift): 2 mg/L
- **METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE:** Methyl Isobutyl Ketone in urine (end of shift)= 1 mg/L

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)

### 8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

**GENERAL GUIDELINES:** This product is intended for use with the Cosmichrome System. Consult a trained specialist BEFORE handling this product.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Ensure area has adequate ventilation to ensure airborne concentration of vapors is maintained below threshold limit values noted above.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** An air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge/high-efficiency particulate filter is recommended for use during spray applications of this product.

**HAND PROTECTION:** Neoprene or nitrile gloves are recommended. Ensure gloves are intact prior to use.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles are recommended.

**BODY PROTECTION:** Body protection appropriate to task is recommended (e.g., lab coat, Tyvek suit).

### 8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTION SYMBOLS



## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### APPEARANCE AND DISTINGUISHING CHARACTERISTICS:

**PROPERTY**

State:  
Color:  
Odor:  
Odor Threshold:  
pH:

**DATA**

Liquid.  
Yellow.  
Solvent-like.  
0.63 to 7.4 ppm (Butyl Acetate).  
Not applicable.

#### PHYSICAL DATA:

**PROPERTY**

Melting Point/Freezing Point:  
Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:

**DATA**

May start to solidify at -70°C (-94°F) based on data for: Ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether.  
Weighted average: -83.05°C (-117.5°F)  
The lowest known value is 80°C (176°F) (Methyl ethyl ketone). Weighted average: 112.19°C (233.9°F)

**PROPERTY**

Flash Point:  
Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1):  
Flammability:  
Upper/Lower Explosive Limits:  
Vapor Pressure:

**DATA**

Below 23°C (73°F)  
> 1.  
Class IB Flammable Liquid  
7.6%/1.7% (Estimated, based on Butyl Acetate)  
The highest known value is >71.2 mm of Hg (@ 20°C) (Methyl ethyl ketone). Weighted average: 26.08 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)  
The highest known value is 4 (Air = 1) (N-Butyl acetate 1). Weighted average: 3.49 (Air = 1)

Relative Density (Density):  
Solubility:  
Partition Coefficient/n-octanol/water:  
Autoignition Temperature:  
Decomposition Temperature:  
Viscosity:

0.84 (0.84 g/mL).  
Easily soluble in hot water.  
Soluble in cold water.  
log Pow: 2.3 at 25 °C (77 °F) (Estimated, based on Butyl Acetate)  
415 °C (779 °F) at 1,013 hPa (760 mmHg) (Estimated, based on Butyl Acetate)  
Not determined.  
Not determined.

### 9.2 OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION ON PROPERTIES

**VOC (less water & exempt):** Not determined.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 REACTIVITY AND CHEMICAL STABILITY

The product is not reactive under typical conditions of use or handling. Normally stable under standard temperatures and pressures.

### 10.2 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Product is not self-reactive, water-reactive, or air-reactive; it will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

### 10.3 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid contact with incompatible chemicals and adverse storage conditions.

### 10.4 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Extremely reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents. Reactive with acids, alkalis.

### 10.5 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Thermal decomposition of this product generates carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 INFORMATION ON ACUTE TOXICITY

**PRODUCT TOXICOLOGY DATA:** The following are calculated estimates for the product:

- Acute Toxicity Estimate (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg
- Acute Toxicity Estimate (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg
- Acute Toxicity Estimate (Inhalation) > 30 mg/L

**SUBSTANCE TOXICOLOGY DATA:** The following data are available for the hazardous components in this product listed in Section 3 (Composition/Information on Ingredients).

#### **BUTYL ACETATE**

LD50 (Oral, Rat) = 10,700 - 14,130 mg/kg  
LC50 (Inhalation, Rat) = 4 h - > 21.0 mg/l  
LD50 (Dermal, Rabbit) = 17,600 mg/kg

#### **METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE**

LD50 (Oral, Rat) = 2,080 mg/kg  
LC50 (Inhalation, Rat) = 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
LD50 (Dermal, Rabbit) = > 16,000 mg/kg

#### **METHYL ETHYL KETONE**

LD50 (Oral, Rat) = 2737 mg/kg  
LD50 (Dermal, Rabbit) = 6480 mg/kg  
LC50 (Inhalation- rat) = 23500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> – 8 hours

#### **ETHYLENEGLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 880 mg/kg  
LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - 1,060 mg/kg  
LD50 Intraperitoneal - Rat - 220 mg/kg

**DEGREE OF IRRITATION:** The product can cause serious eye irritation and skin irritation. The following information is for the components of this product present in greater than 1% concentration.

#### **BUTYL ACETATE**

Skin corrosion/irritation -Rabbit/No skin irritation - 4 hours  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Rabbit/ No eye irritation

#### **METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE**

Skin corrosion/irritation -Rabbit/No skin irritation - 4 hours  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Rabbit/ No eye irritation

**SENSITIZATION:** No component is reported to be a skin or respiratory system sensitizer.

**REVIEW OF ACUTE SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE:** See Section 2 (Hazards Information) and Section 4 (First-Aid Measures) for additional details.

- **Eyes:** Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Skin:** Causes skin irritation.
- **Inhalation:** Causes respiratory system irritation and central nervous system effects.
- **Ingestion:** Can cause digestive distress and target organ effects.

### 11.2 INFORMATION ON CHRONIC TOXICITY

**CARCINOGENICITY STATUS:** This table summarizes the carcinogenicity listing for the components of this product. "NO" indicates that the substance is not considered to be, or suspected to be, a carcinogen by the listed agency. If a component is not listed, it has no status as a carcinogen on any of the lists.

| CHEMICAL                        | IARC   | NTP | NIOSH | OSHA | OTHER   |
|---------------------------------|--|-----|-------|------|---|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone          | IARC-2B – Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans              | NO  | NO    | NO   | TLV-A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen.  |
| Ethylene glycol Monobutyl Ether | IARC-3: Unclassifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans | NO  | NO    | NO   | TLV-4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; EPA – NL: Not Likely to Be Carcinogenic to Humans; MAK-4: No Significant Contribution to Human Cancer Risk |



## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION:** The components of this product are not reported to cause mutagenic effects under typical circumstances of exposure at the concentrations present in this product.

**MUTAGENIC EFFECTS:** The components of this product are not reported to cause mutagenic effects under typical circumstances of exposure at the concentrations present in this product.

**SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY – SINGLE EXPOSURE:** The following organs can be impacted after single exposures to this product: Central nervous system, and respiratory system.

**SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY – REPEATED EXPOSURE:** Not applicable.

**ASPIRATION HAZARD:** Not applicable.

### 11.3 OTHER USEFUL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

**TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:** None known.

**ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY:** Not applicable.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICITY

Based on available data, this product is anticipated to be harmful to contaminated terrestrial plants or animals.

Based on available data, this product is anticipated to be harmful to contaminated aquatic plants or animals.

Aquatic toxicity, acute (Category 3) based on concentrations and composition.

The following aquatic toxicity data are available for components of this product present in solution in greater than 1% concentration.

#### BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus): 100 mg/l - 96 hours

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 1,815 mg/L - 24 hours

#### ETHYLENEGLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

LC50 - other fish: 220 mg/L - 96 hours

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 1,815 mg/L - 24 hours

#### METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 1,550 - 3,623 mg/l - 24 hours

LC50 (Leuciscus idus melanotus): 480 mg/l - 48 hours

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 980 - 2,000 mg/l – 48 hours

### 12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

When released into the soil, the components of this product are expected to biodegrade, dissipate in soils via oxidation, or otherwise chemically degrade or photo-decompose via solar radiation. Specific environmental fate data for components of this product are as follows:

- **BUTYL ACETATE:** Aerobic - Exposure time 28 days. Result: 83 % - Readily biodegradable.
- **METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE:** Aerobic - Exposure time 28 Days Result: 83 % - Readily biodegradable.

### 12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

This product is not anticipated to bioaccumulate significantly.

### 12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL

It is to be expected this product will have small mobility in soil. Some of the components may get into the soil and, ultimately, the ground water. Product spreads on the water surface.

### 12.5 OTHER ADVESE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

None reported.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

### 13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Dispose of in accordance with local, state and national regulations.

Do not mix wastes of this product with other waste streams.

### 13.2 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**EPA RCRA WASTE CODE:** D001, applicable to wastes consisting only of this product.

### 13.3 DISPOSITION OF EMPTY CONTAINERS


Empty containers may contain residual liquid; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care.

Empty containers should be discarded properly.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SHIPPING REGULATIONS:

| UN/NA Number | Proper Shipping Name   | Packing Group | Hazard Class | Label  | North American Emergency Response Guide # | Marine Pollutant Status |
|--------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| UN1263       | Paint Related Material | II            | 3            |  | 153                                       | Not applicable.         |

**LIMITED QUANTITY EXCEPTIONS [49 CFR 173.150(b)]:** Limited quantities for Class 3, Packing Group II materials have inner packaging not over 1.0 L [0.3 gal] (liquids) net capacity each, packed in strong outer packaging.

**CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:** This product is regulated by Transport Canada as dangerous goods under Canadian transportation standards. Refer to above information.

**IATA DESIGNATION:** This product is regulated as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport Association.

| Basic Description                         | Passenger and Cargo Aircraft |                  |                     |                  | Cargo Aircraft Only |                  |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
|   | Limited Quantity             |                  | Packing Instruction | Max. Qty per PKG | Packing Instruction | Max. Qty per PKG |
|   | Packing Instruction          | Max. Qty per PKG |                     |                  |                     |                  |
| UN 1263, Paint Related Material, 3, PG II | Y341                         | 1L               | 353                 | 5L               | 364                 | 60L              |

**IMO DESIGNATION:** This product is regulated as dangerous goods by the International Maritime Organization.

| Basic Description                         | Limited and Excepted Quantity Provisions |                     | Packing      |            | EmS      |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
|   | Limited Quantities                       | Excepted Quantities | Instructions | Provisions |          |
| UN 1263, Paint Related Material, 3, PG II | 5L                                       | E2                  | P001         | --         | F-E, S-E |

### 14.2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Not applicable.

### 14.3 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR TRANSPORTERS

Avoid release into the environment and collect spillage if it occurs.

### 14.4 TRANSPORT IN BULK

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 OTHER IMPORTANT U.S. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

**U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY:** Not applicable.

**U.S. SARA HAZARD CATEGORIES (SECTION 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21):** ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: Yes; FIRE: Yes; REACTIVE: No; SUDDEN RELEASE: No.

**U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ):** Butyl Acetate = 5000 lb; Methyl Isobutyl Ketone = 5000 lb; Methyl Ethyl Ketone = 5000 lb.

**U.S. SARA 313:** Methyl Isobutyl Ketone and Etyleneglycol monobutyl (Glycol Ether Category) are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313.

**U.S. TSCA INVENTORY STATUS:** All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

**U.S. CLEAN AIR ACT (SECTION 112r):** Not applicable.



## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (Continued)

### 15.2 OTHER IMPORTANT U.S. STATE REGULATIONS FOR COMPONENTS

**CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (PROPOSITION 65) STATUS:** This product contains Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. **WARNING** – This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

#### STATE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LIST:

| COMPONENT              | NJ Right to Know | PA Right to Know | MA Right to Know | OTHER |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| Butyl acetate          | LISTED           | LISTED           | LISTED           | ND    |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | LISTED           | LISTED           | LISTED           | ND    |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone    | LISTED           | LISTED           | LISTED           | ND    |

### 15.3 OTHER IMPORTANT CANADIAN SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

**ADDITIONAL WHMIS INFORMATION:** The following information is offered during the transition period for implementation of new regulations.

- **WHMIS 2015:** See Section 2.
- **WHMIS 1988:** It is classified as B2: Flammable Liquid; D2A/B – Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects (Very Toxic/Toxic).. See symbols to right.
- This SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.



**CANADIAN DSL/NDL INVENTORY STATUS:** Listed components of this product are on the DSL/NDL Inventory.

**CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS:** No component of this product is on the CEPA Priority Substances Lists.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### 16.1 INDICATION OF CHANGE

**DATE OF REVISION:** February 5, 2016

**SUPERCEDES:** May 30, 2014

**CHANGE INDICATED:** Update of OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### 16.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SYSTEM RATING

|                      |    |  |
|----------------------|----|--|
| Health               | 2* | * Carcinogenicity.   |
| Flammability         | 3  |  |
| Physical Hazard      | 0  | <i>(Personal Protective Equipment Rating: Occupational Use situations: X – Selection based on use. See section 8 for details.)</i> |
| Protective Equipment | X  |  |

### 16.3 DEFINITIONS

#### SECTION EXPLANATION OF TEMS/ABBREVIATIONS

- ALL** **OSHA:** U.S. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration. **WHMIS:** Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Standard. **GHS:** Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Chemical Substances. **HCS:** Hazard Communication Standard (U.S.). **HPR:** Hazardous Products Regulations (Canada).
- 3** **CAS Number:** Chemical Abstract Service Number, used by the American chemical Society to uniquely identify a chemical.
- 5** **NFPA:** National Fire Protection Association. **NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:** The NFPA uses the flash point (F.I.P.) and boiling point (BP) to classify flammable or combustible liquids. Class IA: F.I.P. below 73 F and BP below 100 F. Class IB: F.I.P. below 73 F and BP at or above 100 F. Class IC: :F.I.P. at or above 73 F and BP at or above 100 F. Class II: : F.I.P. at or above 100 F and below 140 F. Class IIIA: F.I.P. at or above 140 F and below 200 F. Class IIIB: F.I.P. at or above 200 F. **NFPA HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RATING:** This is a rating system used to summarize physical and health hazards to firefighters Blue = Health hazard; Red = Fire Hazard; Yellow = Reactivity Hazard. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.
- 8** **NE:** Not established. **ACGIH:** American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists; **TWA:** Time-Weighted Average (over an 8-hour work day); **STEL:** Short-Term Exposure Limit (15 minute average, no more than 4-times daily and each exposure separated by one-hour minimally); **C:** Ceiling Limit (concentration not to be exceeded in a work environment). **PEL:** Permissible Exposure Limit. **NIOSH:** National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; **REL:** Recommended Exposure Limit; **IDLH:** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health Concentrations. *Note:* In July 1992, a court ruling vacated the more protective PELs set by OSHA in 1989. Because OSHA may enforce the more protective levels under the "general duty clause", both the current and vacated levels are presented in this document. **ppm:** Parts per Million. **mg/m<sup>3</sup>:** Milligrams per cubic meter. **mppcf:** Millions of Particles per Cubic Foot. **BEI:** Biological Exposure Limit.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### SECTION    EXPLANATION OF TEMS/ABBREVIATIONS

- 9            pH: Scale (0 to 14) used to rate the acidity or alkalinity of aqueous solutions. For example, a pH value of 0 indicates a strongly acidic solution, pH of 7 indicates a neutral solution, and a pH value of 14 indicates an extremely basic solution. FLASH POINT: Temperature at which a liquid generates enough flammable vapors so that ignition may occur. AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Temperature at which spontaneous ignition occurs. LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL): The minimal concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. ≈: Approximately symbol. VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.
- 11           CARCINOGENICITY STATUS: NTP: National Toxicology Program. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Substance capable of causing chromosomal damage to cells. Embryotoxicity: Substance capable of damaging the developing embryo in an overexposed female. Teratogen: Substance capable of damaging the developing fetus in an overexposed female. Reproductive toxin: Substance capable of adversely affecting male or female reproductive organs or functions. TOXICOLOGY DATA: LDxxor LCxx: The Lethal Dose or Lethal Concentration of a substance which will be fatal to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration. This value is used to access the toxicity of chemical substances to humans. TDxxor TCxx: The Toxic Dose or Toxic Concentration of a substance which will cause an adverse effect to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration.
- 12           EC50: Effect Concentration (on 50% of study group); BOD: Biological Oxygen Demand.
- 13           RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The regulations promulgated under this act under Act are found in 40 CFR, Sections 260 ff, and define the requirements of hazardous waste generation, transport, treatment, storage, and disposal. EPA RCRA Waste Codes: Defined in 40 CFR Section 261.
- 15           NJ: New Jersey. PA: Pennsylvania. MA: Massachusetts. ND: Not determined. CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act. SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- 16           HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM RATING: This is a rating system used by industry to summarize physical and health hazards to chemical users and was originally developed by the National Paint and Coating Association. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

#### 16.4    DISCLAIMER



*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*